



Canada's

National Parks



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Ten million nature lovers visit the Parks every year; you will be warmly welcomed, too.

No matter what the season, there are wonderful things to do... water sports and winter sports... golf, tennis, lawn bowling, horseshoe pitching... trail-riding, picnicking and camping... fishing in purling waters stocked with game fish... skiing, skating, curling and cruising a glacier in a snowmobile.

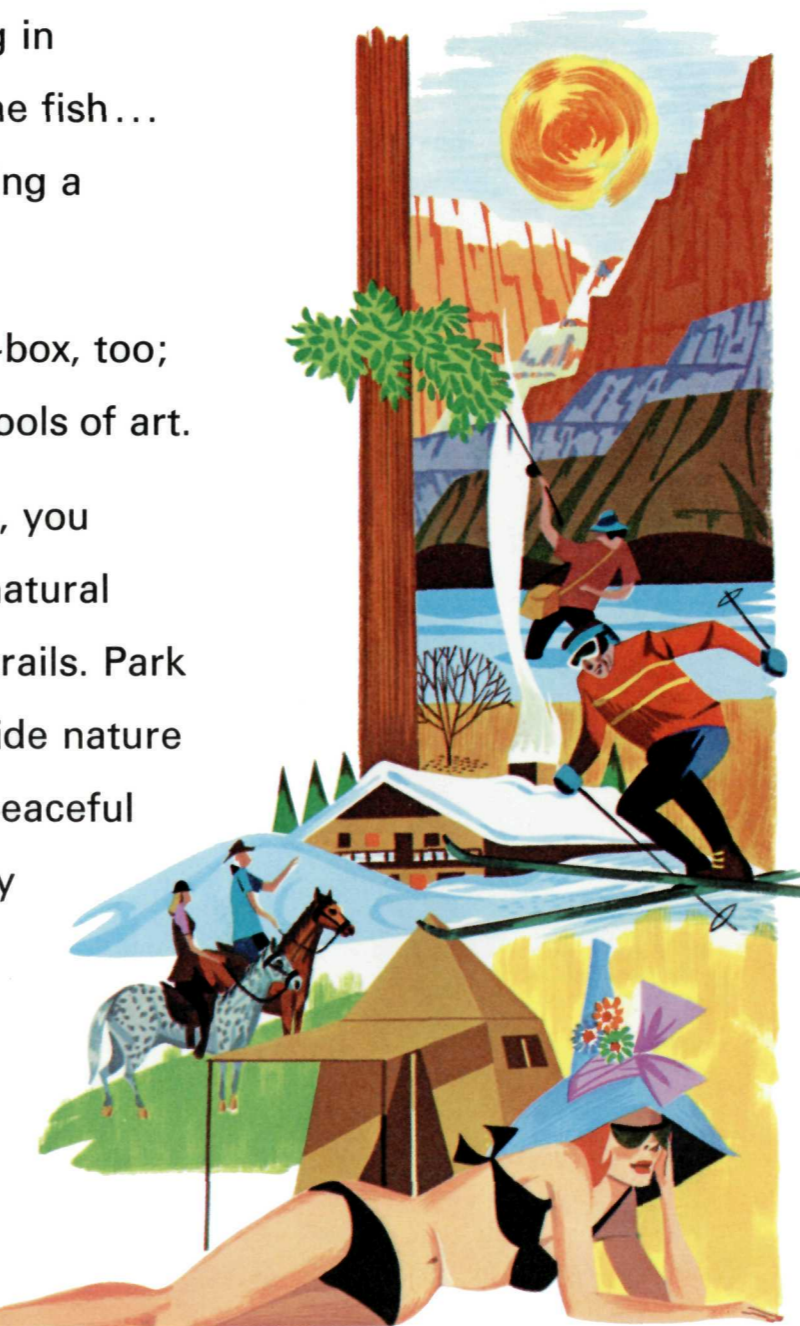
A camera is a must, and a paint-box, too; at two of the Parks there are schools of art.

At each Park Information Centre, you will find leaflets describing the natural beauties to be found on nature trails. Park naturalists show films, give fireside nature talks and conduct hikes. In the peaceful valleys and forests, you can enjoy unexcelled opportunities to see and photograph the wildlife of the land.

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Canada's National Parks—19 scenic gems studded across the country—are unique on this earth.

Ranging in size from less than one to more than 17,000 square miles, they were chosen to preserve examples of the most beautiful scenery in Canada and to provide superb recreational facilities for visitors.

There are wilderness areas, reached by well-kept hiking and riding trails; there are natural areas, reached by road and developed for vacation pleasure; and there are specialized communities serving as visitor service centres.

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Water is an important feature of the Parks, whether it be the ocean pounding on the rugged coast, the mountain lakes of vivid blue or green, dramatic falls a thousand feet in height, broad sun-dappled prairie lakes, turbulent rivers racing to the sea, reed-fringed ponds, or quiet streams minding their own business.



The Parks are open all year round, but full facilities are generally in operation only from mid-May to the beginning of October.

There is no charge for individuals to enter any of the Parks by public transportation. Private cars may enter the Atlantic Parks free but must buy a vehicle license at \$1 in Ontario and Prairie Parks, and at \$2 per car or \$3 per car with trailer in the Mountain Parks of Alberta and British Columbia. All these licenses are valid throughout the year.

In addition to the National Parks—outdoor museums of living nature—there are 23 National Historic Parks, ranging in size from one fifth of an acre at St. Lin, Quebec, boyhood home of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, one of Canada's great prime ministers, to 20

square miles at Fortress Louisbourg in Nova Scotia; from Dawson City, centre of the Klondike Gold Rush in Yukon Territory, to Fort Langley, British Columbia, a reconstruction of a Hudson's Bay Post of 1850. At many of these Historic Parks, there are fascinating museums.

There are also more than 600 National Historic Sites across Canada, each marked with a bronze tablet. They commemorate a staggering variety of events, ranging from the departure from Montreal of the first regular transcontinental train in 1886 to the establishment of the first organized postal service in 1763 or the Canadian outlet of the fugitive slave movement 100 years ago.



There are 90 campgrounds in the Parks with space for 10,000 tents and trailers. Many are serviced, with kitchen shelters, stoves or fireplaces, free fuel, hot water, electricity, sewage hook-ups and toilets. Some have laundry facilities, showers and coin-operated washers. These charge \$1 to \$2 a day depending on the services supplied. "Primitive" campgrounds, not accessible by highway, provide minimum facilities.

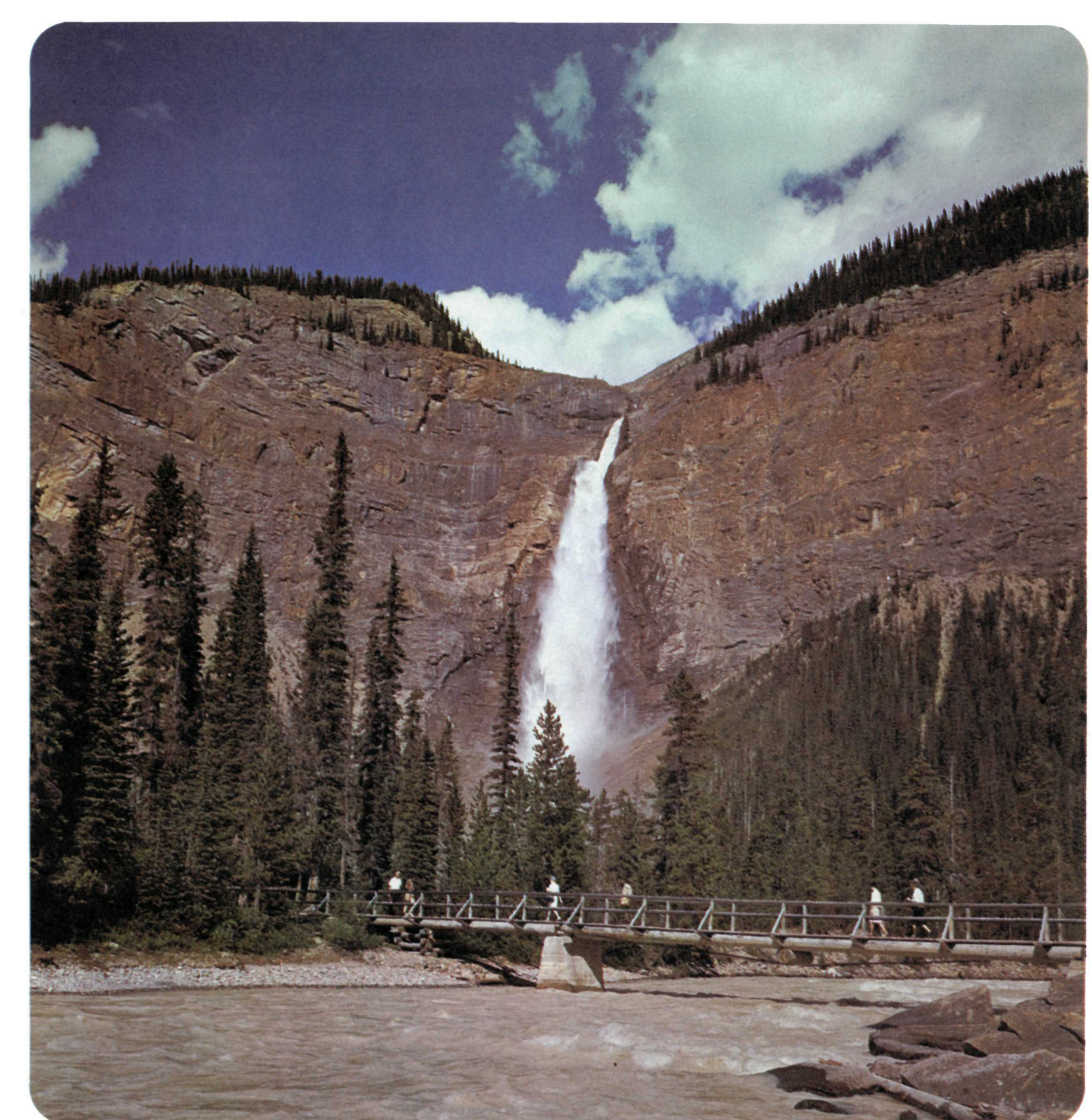
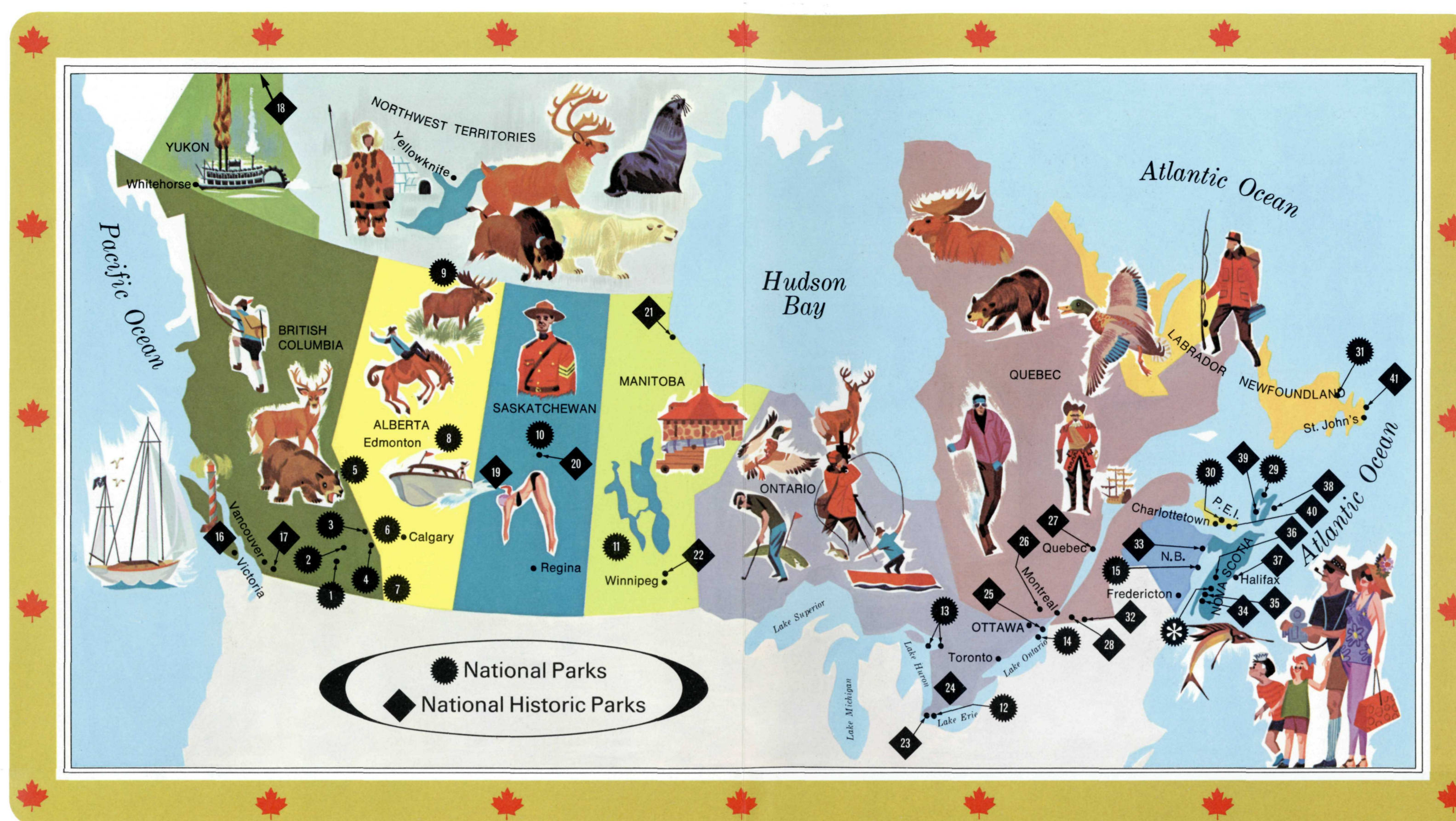


Whether you're jigging for cod in Newfoundland, deep-sea fishing or fly-casting for Atlantic salmon, battling pike, pickerel, maskinonge, trout and bass in the central Parks, or casting for four varieties of trout and Rocky Mountain whitefish in the Mountain Parks, there is excitement galore awaiting the intrepid fisherman. Lakes and streams are scientifically stocked to provide the best in fishing adventure.

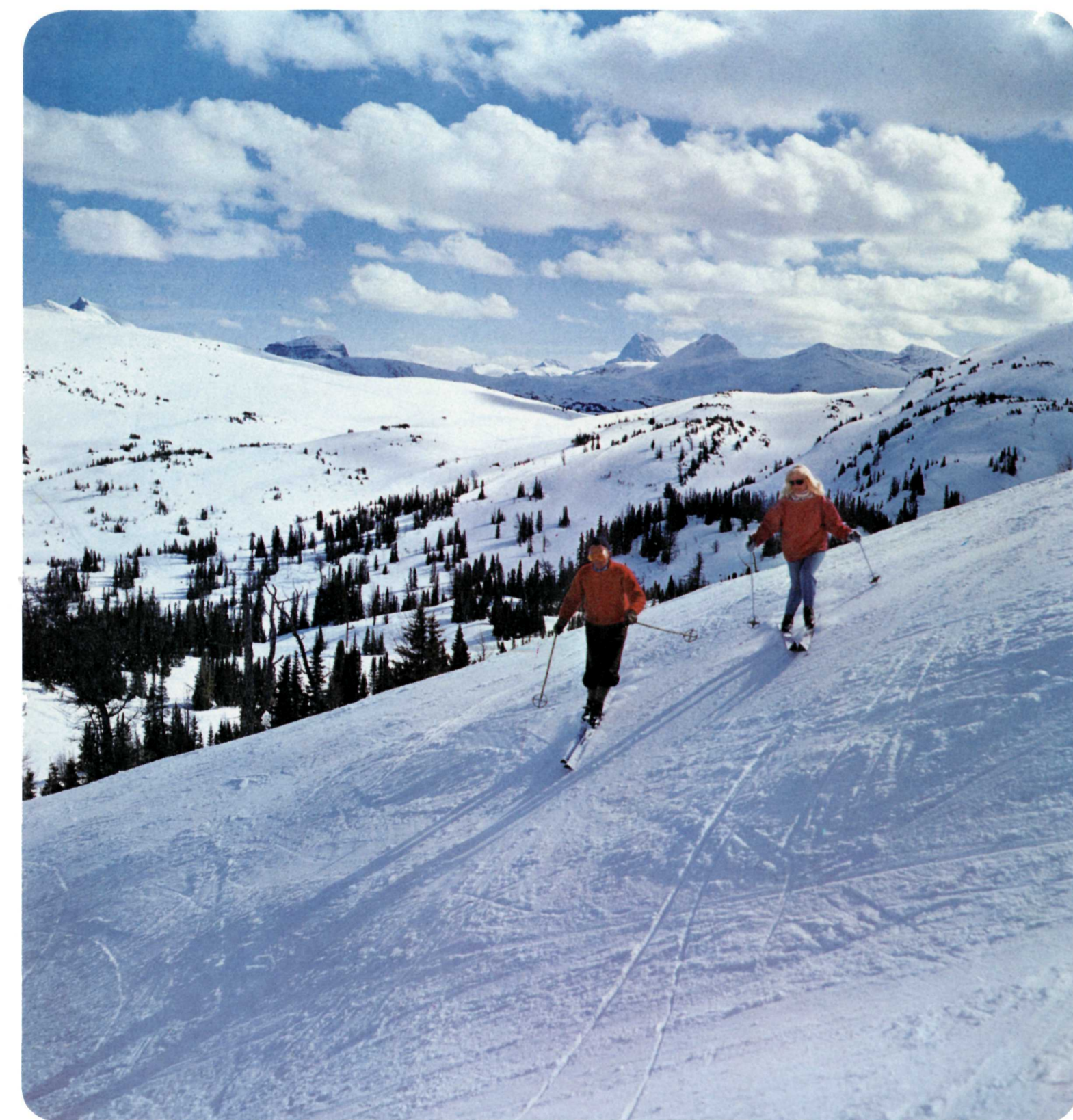




This picnic site, equipped with picnic tables, outdoor stoves supplied with firewood, kitchen shelter, toilets, water, dock and pavilion is typical of the splendidly equipped and maintained picnic areas in the National Parks. Wherever possible, they are situated near good swimming and boating facilities, nature trails and campfire circles. All you need to bring is the food!



Takakkaw Falls plunge 1,248 feet into the Yoho River. Yoho National Park in British Columbia offers breathtaking panoramas of canyons and gorges, emerald lakes set in magnificent mountain bowls, jagged mountain peaks ornamented by cliff glaciers, weird "hoodoos"—pillars of rock carved out by erosion, a huge outcropping of igneous rock, unusual fossil beds and dozens of cataracts and waterfalls.



The seven Mountain National Parks are scenic spectaculars, with towering, snow-clad mountains, deep canyons, forested valleys, glaciers, waterfalls, alpine meadows and multi-hued lakes. For swimmers, there are mineral hot springs which have to be cooled for comfort; for walkers and riders, there are well-marked trails; for climbers, there are mountains; and for skiers, there are thrilling slopes and tows.

Canada's



Unforgettable recreation grounds for all to visit and enjoy!

National Parks

- 1 MOUNT REVELSTOKE, British Columbia, rolling mountain-top plateau on west slope of Selkirk Mountains. Colourful alpine meadows. Accessible by rail and highway. Summer accommodation in park. All-year accommodation in nearby town of Revelstoke. Semi-serviced campgrounds. Championship ski runs and ski jump. Area, 100 square miles.
- 2 GLACIER, British Columbia, superb alpine region in Selkirk Mountains. Towering peaks, glaciers and forests. Accessible by rail and the Trans-Canada Highway. Climbing, skiing, camping. Area, 521 square miles.
- 3 YOHO, British Columbia, on west slope of Rockies. Lofty peaks, magnificent waterfalls, colourful lakes. Yoho and Kicking Horse valleys. Accessible by rail and highway. Hotel and cabin accommodation. Serviced campgrounds. Area, 507 square miles.
- 4 KOOTENAY, British Columbia, encloses Vermilion-Sinclair section of the Banff-Windermere Highway in Rockies. Broad valleys, deep canyons, hot mineral springs. Hotel and cabin accommodation. Serviced campgrounds. Area, 543 square miles.
- 5 JASPER, Alberta, mountain playground and noted wildlife sanctuary. Contains majestic peaks, ice-fields, beautiful lakes and famous resort, Jasper. Mineral hot springs, summer and winter sports. Accessible by rail, highway and air. Hotel, motel and cabin accommodation. Serviced campgrounds. Area, 4,200 square miles.
- 6 BANFF, Alberta, magnificent scenic playground in central Rockies. Contains noted resorts, Banff and Lake Louise. Mineral hot springs, summer and winter sports. Accessible by rail, highway and air. Hotel, motel and bungalow accommodation. Serviced campgrounds. Area, 2,564 square miles.
- 7 WATERTON LAKES, Alberta, Canadian section, Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park. Mountain playground with colourful peaks and charming lakes. Accessible by highway. Hotel, motel and cabin accommodation. Serviced campgrounds. Area, 203 square miles.
- 8 ELK ISLAND, Alberta, fenced preserve near Edmonton containing a large herd of buffalo; also deer, elk and moose. Popular recreational area; cabin accommodation and serviced campgrounds. Accessible by highway. Area, 75 square miles.
- 9 WOOD BUFFALO, Northwest Territories and Alberta, immense region of forests and open plains between Athabasca and Great Slave Lakes. Home of the largest remaining herd of bison on the continent. Other wildlife species abundant. Area, 17,300 square miles.
- 10 PRINCE ALBERT, Saskatchewan, forested region dotted with lakes and interlaced with streams. Summer playground and recreational area. Accessible by highway. Hotel, motel and cabin accommodation. Serviced campgrounds. Area, 1,496 square miles.
- 11 RIDING MOUNTAIN, Manitoba, playground and wildlife sanctuary on summit of Manitoba escarpment. Fine lakes; summer resort and recreational area. Accessible by highway. Hotel, motel and cabin accommodation. Serviced campgrounds. Area, 1,148 square miles.
- 12 POINT PELEE, Ontario, unique forested area on Lake Erie. Remarkable beaches, southern flora. Resting place for migratory birds. Accessible by highway. Accommodation in vicinity. Serviced campgrounds. Area, 6 square miles.

- 13 GEORGIAN BAY ISLANDS, Ontario, recreational and camping areas. Unique pillars on Flowerpot Island. Accessible by boat from nearby mainland points. Serviced campgrounds on Beausoleil Island. Area, 5.40 square miles.
- 14 ST. LAWRENCE ISLANDS, Ontario, mainland area and 12 islands among the "Thousand Islands". Recreational and camping area. Mainland accessible by highway; islands reached by boat from nearby mainland points. Area, 260 acres.
- 15 FUNDY, New Brunswick, picturesque parkland area on the Bay of Fundy between the cities of Saint John and Moncton. Forested region, wildlife sanctuary, rugged terrain. Cabin accommodation and serviced campgrounds. Area, 79.5 square miles.
- 16 A NEW PARK, KEJIMIKUJIK NATIONAL PARK, is under development in Nova Scotia, half way between Digby and Liverpool. A 150-sq.-mile area of forest lakes and islands, it offers fine boating and canoeing, but visitor facilities are not yet provided.
- 29 CAPE BRETON HIGHLANDS, Nova Scotia, rugged Atlantic coastline with mountain background. Fine seascapes from the Cabot Trail. Recreational opportunities. Hotel and cabin accommodation within park area. Hotel and other accommodation adjacent to park. Serviced campgrounds. Area, 367 square miles.
- 30 PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, P.E.I., coastal strip 25 miles long on shores of the Gulf of St. Lawrence. Recreational area; fine bathing beaches. Accessible by highway. Hotel and cabin accommodation within and adjacent to park. Serviced campgrounds. Area, 7 square miles.
- 31 TERRA NOVA, Newfoundland, latest addition to National Park system. Typical rugged coastline, forest and lakes. Cabin accommodation. Accessible from highway from St. John's and Gander. Semi-serviced campgrounds. Area, 153 square miles.

National Historic Parks

- 16 FORT RODD HILL, British Columbia, National Historic Park. Nineteenth Century British coastal fortification with historic Fisgard Lighthouse nearby. Area, 44 acres.
- 17 FORT LANGLEY, British Columbia, National Historic Park. A reconstruction of palisaded Hudson's Bay Company post of 1850's. Area, 9 acres.
- 18 DAWSON CITY, Yukon Territory, Centre of the Klondike Gold Rush. Palace Grand Theatre and riverboat S.S. "KENO" preserved as National Historic Sites.
- 19 FORT BATTLEFORD, Saskatchewan, National Historic Park. North West Mounted Police Post built in 1876 in the territory of the Cree Indians. Original buildings house interesting museum collection and are surrounded by a log stockade. Area, 36.7 acres.
- 20 BATOCHE RECTORY, Saskatchewan, National Historic Park near Duck Lake. It includes a museum. Area, 1 1/4 acres.
- 21 FORT PRINCE OF WALES, Manitoba, National Historic Park at Churchill on the shores of Hudson Bay. A partial restoration of the stone fort built in 1733-71 stands on its original site. Area, 50 acres.
- 22 LOWER FORT GARRY, Manitoba, National Historic Park. Stone fort built by the Hudson's Bay Company between 1831-39. Located on west bank of Red River about 20 miles north of Winnipeg. Area, 12 1/2 acres.
- 23 FORT MALDEN, Ontario, National Historic Park at Amherstburg. There are museum buildings and earthworks of a defence post built in 1797-99 facing the Detroit River. Area, 5 acres.
- 24 WOODSIDE, Ontario, National Historic Park at Kitchener, Ontario. Boyhood home of the late William Lyon Mackenzie King, former Prime Minister of Canada. Area, 11 1/2 acres.
- 25 FORT WELLINGTON, Ontario, National Historic Park with museum at Prescott. Defence post built 1812-14. Area, 8.5 acres.
- 26 SIR WILFRID LAURIER'S BIRTHPLACE, St. Lin des Laurentides, Quebec, where former Prime Minister of Canada (1896-1911) was born. Area, approximately 1/5 acre.
- 27 CARTIER-BREBEUF, Quebec, National Historic Park in Quebec City commemorates the 1535 wintering of Jacques Cartier and party. Area, 14 acres.
- 28 FORT CHAMBLY, Quebec, National Historic Park in Chamby. A fort was built here in 1665 by the French and rebuilt by the British in 1710. A museum is attached. Area, 2.5 acres.
- 32 FORT LENNOX, Quebec, National Historic Park on Ile-aux-Noix in the Richelieu River near St. Jean is a lovely island fort, first built by the French in 1759 and rebuilt by the British in 1782. Other buildings were added in 1812 and later years. Area, 210 acres.
- 33 FORT BEAUSÉJOUR, New Brunswick, National Historic Park with museum near Sackville. Site of early French fort. Area, 81 acres.
- 34 FORT ROYAL, Nova Scotia, National Historic Park at Port Royal. Restoration of "Habitation" or first fort built in 1605 by Champlain. DeMonts and Poutrincourt. Area, 17 acres.
- 35 FORT ANNE, Nova Scotia, National Historic Park with museum at Annapolis Park. Well-preserved earthworks. Area, 31 acres.
- 36 GRAND PRÉ, Nova Scotia, National Historic Park near the Acadian village of Grand Pré where the principal events in the expulsion of the Acadians took place. In its beautiful setting stands Evangeline Chapel and the statue of Evangeline. Area, 14 acres.
- 37 HALIFAX CITADEL, Nova Scotia, National Historic Park at Halifax. Early 19th century stone fortress, one of the largest in North America. Contains three spacious museums relating to Canada's naval and military history, and the Province. Area, 37 acres.
- 38 FORTRESS OF LOUISBOURG, Nova Scotia, National Historic Park with museum near Louisbourg. Ruins of walled city erected by the French 1720-40. Major restoration of this historic site is in progress.
- 39 ALEXANDER GRAHAM BELL MUSEUM, Nova Scotia, National Historic Park at Baddeck with large museum of original and striking design. Contains extensive collection of relics of experiments in many scientific fields by Alexander Graham Bell and his associates, particularly of early aviation. Area, 14 acres.
- 40 FORT AMHERST, Prince Edward Island, National Historic Park at Rocky Point across the harbour from Charlottetown. Site of Port La Joie, French settlement of 1720 which was captured by the British in 1758. The earthworks of a fort built there are still clearly visible. Area, 222 acres.
- 41 SIGNAL HILL, Newfoundland, National Historic Park. Rocky headland at entrance to St. John's harbour. Site of numerous early fortifications and of the last battle during the Seven Years' War in North America. Includes John Cabot Memorial Tower. Area, 243.37 acres.



The four Atlantic Parks are ocean playgrounds. Here visitors arrive by yacht to enjoy the rugged beauty of the Park in Newfoundland. The Prince Edward Island Park consists of 25 miles of golden, sandy beaches warmed by the Gulf Stream, while the New Brunswick Park features the highest tides in the world and that in Nova Scotia an awesome coastline of spectacular cliffs.

