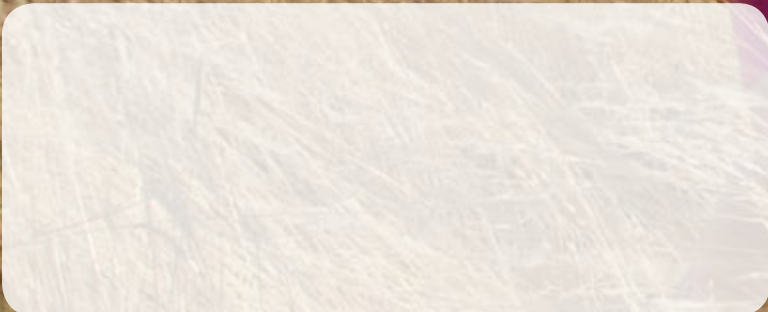


Canadian WILDERNESS

A publication of CPAWS • Fall 2011/Winter 2012

people
&
parks



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93-year-old redhead leaves passionate legacy

I was lucky enough to discover my second cousin Muriel when she was in her 80s.

I'd been researching our family tree and found a relative that I didn't even know existed! I soon learned that Muriel was not your typical little old lady. Of course, she'd never been "typical" in her entire life.

We'd both been brought up on the outskirts of Moncton, New Brunswick. I spent most of my youth running the bush. As it turned out, so did Muriel, as a child alone and later with her brother, Lloyd.

Muriel loved to ski and learned to shoot when most young ladies didn't do that sort of thing. She'd prowl the woods with Lloyd, hunting and hiking.

Muriel's favourite pastime was taking pictures, especially nature photography. It had led her to a job in a local photo studio, and then when an opportunity came open in Toronto, Muriel climbed on a train and never looked back. She was just 18.

Over the years, Muriel's passion for viewing the wilderness through her



camera lens took her around the world. She went on a safari to Africa, and spent many of her vacations in national parks across North America. She liked to go ranches where she could camp and see the country from the back of a horse. Most of her photos were of landscapes or flowers.

Muriel retired to Fergus. She dug in her garden, did her own carpentry, and was into natural foods and recycling long before it became popular. She dyed her hair red, because she didn't want people realizing she was getting older. She steadfastly refused to tell me her age, Muriel said it changed the way people treated her when they knew.

Muriel continued her trips into the woods with her trusty camera, amassing an amazing collection of beautiful slides that she bequeathed to my son, Tim. I was happy the two of them got a chance to know each other before she died, and her passion for the outdoors found a soul mate in his devotion to conservation.

I guess that's why she included CPAWS in the list of charities in her will. She read up on their successes, and would always ask Tim about his latest project when he came to visit her. They'd swap bush stories out in her garden for hours. I knew she had great confidence in the organization.

Muriel died at the age of 93. I still miss her. But I'm happy that her love of the outdoors will live on through CPAWS.

Stan Gray's son Tim is a longtime CPAWS staff and national board member.

Find out how you can
leave a wilderness legacy:
cpaws.org/legacy



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COVER: Will children always be able to run through British Columbia's South Okanagan grasslands? A new national park would help protect this fragile desert landscape. Read more on page 9. Photo: www.grahamosborne.com

ABOVE: A partnership between Lutsel K'e Dene First Nation and Parks Canada will protect Thaidene Nene, an expanse of boreal wilderness and tundra in the NWT. Read more on page 6. Photo: Tessa Macintosh



CPAWS is Canada's voice for wilderness. Since 1963, we've played a lead role in creating over two-thirds of Canada's protected areas.

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PRESIDENT'S DESK ●

For the love of our parks

OLIVER KENT

When I travel, either for CPAWS or personal reasons, I always look for opportunities to visit current or future national parks.



Oliver tackles the loop in Cape Breton Highlands National Park, Nova Scotia.

In July, a cycling trip took me to visit an old favourite – Cape Breton Highlands – and to explore Kejimikujik and Prince Edward Island National Parks and the National Historic Sites at Port Royal, Grand Pré and Fort Anne. We were cycling 80 km a day on average, so it was good to have a break to canoe in Kejimikujik, swim in PEI, and learn some Acadian history.

In PEI, we were hot on the trail of Will and Kate. The new bike path near the hotel at Dalvay-by-the-Sea must have been rushed to completion for their visit a few days before. The asphalt was still gleaming, and our tire treads may have been the first dirt to besmirch it. In the hotel itself, I passed on the opportunity to be photographed with a cardboard cut-out of the Royal couple. No tourist operator wanted to be left out, however, including the motel whose sign read “Will and Kate Could Have Slept Here”.

Parks in the Maritimes may lack the grandeur of the Rockies, but they have the human touch. When gas prices were lower, the scenic Cabot Trail through Cape Breton Highlands attracted drive-til-you-drop tourists. There is good reason to travel more slowly now. Outside the park, there are small craft shops, whale-watching tours and local restaurants that weren't there four decades ago when I first visited. I am particularly grateful for the chowder house that welcomed our group of drenched cyclists in from an unexpected thunderstorm. At the historic sites, interpreters bring to life the facts I have long forgotten – and with more recognition for indigenous peoples than I recall from long ago visits. At PEI National Park, parts of the beach are crowded and fast food looms over the park boundary at Cavendish, but the sand dunes are protected. Kejimikujik, by contrast, seemed almost empty. We canoed past many small islands, some with beaches just the size for one romantic couple.

This issue of Canadian Wilderness focuses on the role people play in national parks – their creation, upkeep, and future. As we celebrate the 100th anniversary of Parks Canada, the federal agency responsible for stewarding our magnificent national parks, I hope you'll have a chance to create your own personal stories in one of our parks this autumn.

Oliver Kent is CPAWS' National Board President.

CPAWS calls for improved caribou recovery strategy

CPAWS welcomed a long overdue draft recovery strategy for Boreal woodland caribou under the Species at Risk Act issued late summer by the federal government, but is calling for major fixes to close loopholes that would undermine the intent of saving this imperilled species.

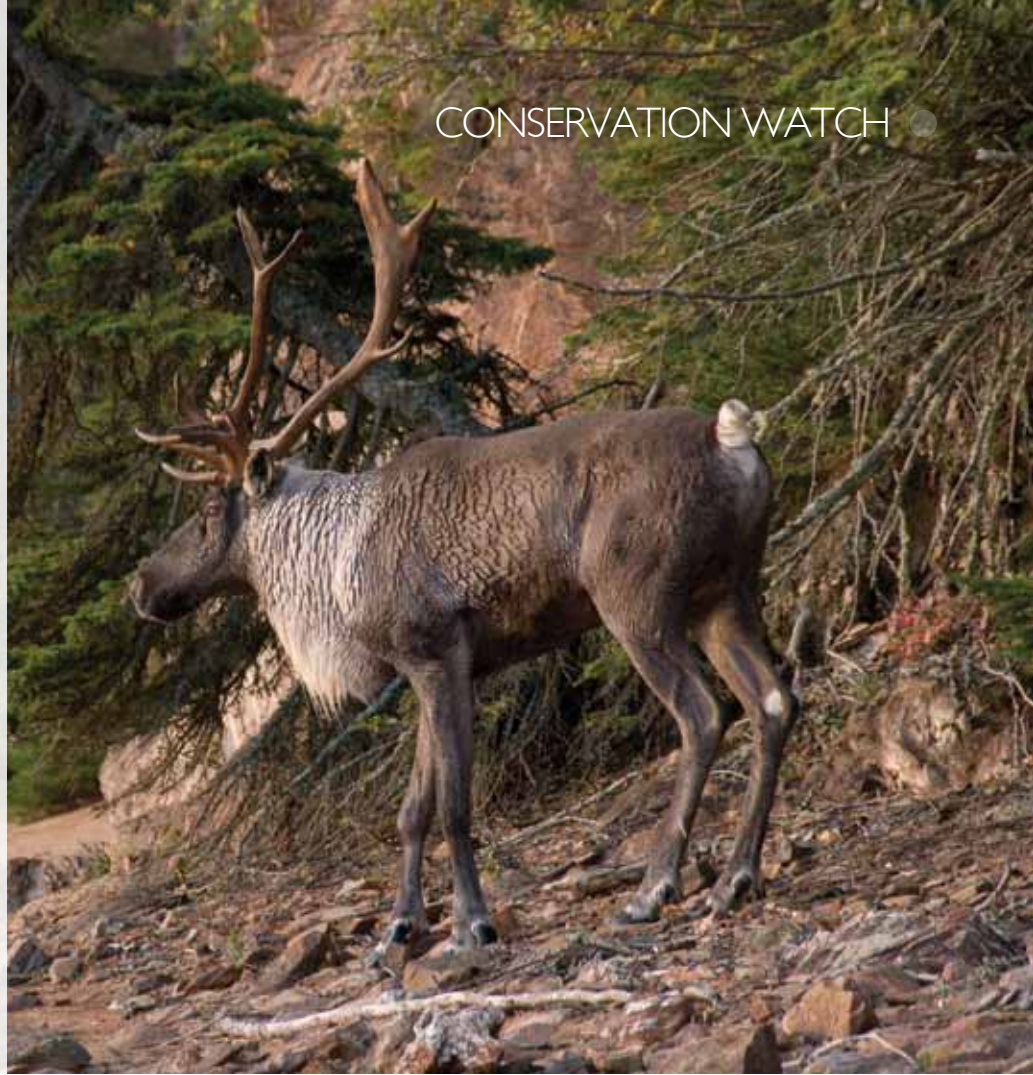
CPAWS was pleased that the government's draft strategy acknowledged scientists' findings that protecting and restoring intact habitat is key to the survival of Boreal woodland caribou. However, we're calling for amendments to the final strategy that will offer caribou a far greater chance of survival than the 60% proposed in the draft.

We thank the hundreds of CPAWS supporters who responded to our email request to submit comments to Environment Minister Peter Kent on the strategy.

Visit cpaws.org for our detailed submission to the federal government and breaking news.

-Alison Woodley

Woodland caribou, Manitoba.
Photo: Ron Thiessen



CONSERVATION WATCH ●



Hot summer for Nova Scotia conservation

It's been an exciting few months for conservation in Nova Scotia. This summer the Nova Scotia government released a proposal to create hundreds of new protected areas across the province, including large tracts of Acadian forest, remote coastal areas, and important species-at-risk habitat. The province also took steps to protect the intact forests of Chignecto, recommending for conservation the largest new protected wilderness area in Nova Scotia in over a decade. Sable Island (see *feature, page 10*) is on track to become a national park, and the Federal government announced an Area of Interest for a new marine protected area off the Eastern Coast of Cape Breton at St Anns Bank. But we're not resting on our laurels - the Bay of Fundy still needs a National Marine Conservation Area.

-Chris Miller

Barred owl in Chignecto, Nova Scotia.
Photo: Darin Ruangruchira



Thaidene Nene

Land of the Ancestors

A vision takes shape for a huge new protected area in the NWT

BY ELLEN ADELBERG

At the East Arm of Great Slave Lake lie vast wild lands, sparkling freshwater lakes and rushing rivers spreading over 30,000 square kilometers or so. For millennia, the Lutsel K'e Dene have made this their home.

Until as recently as the 1950s, the people followed the paths of huge herds of migrating barren ground caribou, relying on them for food, clothing, and indeed, their very survival.

Today about 350 people live in the town of Lutsel K'e at the edge of Great Slave Lake, where the Snowdrift River tumbles down to meet Canada's deepest and fourth largest body of freshwater. The town is reachable by boat in the summer, over ice in the winter or by air year-round. Proud and resourceful, the community members living at this scenic former trading post site are determined to conserve the landscape that has sustained them, and to shape the future of their vast, traditional home.

Over 40 years ago, Parks Canada identified this area as desirable for a new national park. Called "Thaidene Nene" or "Land of the Ancestors" by the Dene, the unique ecology that sustains the caribou includes some of Canada's northernmost Boreal forests, interwoven with thousands of pristine lakes and countless rivers. Across the treeline, these give way to

"We want to welcome people to our land – to show them how we treat it, bless it, respect it, to teach them about our ways."

Gloria Enzoe, Lutsel K'e Dene First Nation

barren lands stretching to the upper Thelon watershed in the eastern reaches of the Northwest Territories. Within the lakes and rivers fish are abundant, from lake trout and whitefish, to pickerel and grayling.

The forests, largely black spruce and birch, stick straight out of ground carpeted with colourful lichens and berries in summer and a deep layer of snow in winter. It is the lichen—slow-growing and exclusive to certain soils—and the vast expanses of land free of human development that keep the caribou alive. Fox, wolves, bear and muskoxen, beavers, wolverine and snowshoe hares also live in these forests. Birds of many kinds, including tundra swans and rare peregrine falcons, migrate here in summer. Some, like the whiskey jacks and ravens, stay year round.

In the 1980s, then Lutsel K'e Dene hereditary Chief Joe Lockhart told federal government officials to "pack up your maps and go" when they arrived to discuss a future park in their territory. The chief and elders were embittered by a history of prosecution by the RCMP for hunting within the Thelon Game Sanctuary after it was established in the 1920s, and mindful of sad lessons learned by other indigenous communities who had agreed to decisions made by the Government of Canada about their traditional lands.

Since then, much has changed. Parks Canada now has a more partnership-oriented approach to working with local First Nations, as witnessed by recent new parks in Gwaii Haanas, BC, and Labrador's Mealy Mountains. And resource development pressures in the NWT are looming. All around Thaidene Nene, prospectors have staked promising finds for uranium, lead, zinc and rare earth metals. Mines could mean roads through the ancient pathways of the caribou, and tailing ponds—two types of changes that threaten the delicate bal-



FACING: Tsan'kui Theda ("Lady of the Falls") is one of the most powerful Ancestors of the Lutsel K'e Dene. Photo: David Murray

LEFT: Children from Lutsel K'e visit the site of their grandmother's childhood home on the East Arm of Great Slave Lake. Photo: Ellen Adelberg

ance in nature within Thaidene Nene which has sustained both people and wildlife for millennia.

Today the Lutsel K'e Dene are deep into negotiations with Parks Canada to protect Thaidene Nene, seeking a special arrangement under the Canada National Parks Act. Their goal is to reach a draft agreement by December 2012, when a temporary protective order for the entire area will expire.

The Lutsel K'e Dene have asked CPAWS for help promoting their vision for conserving their homeland, so that others, who have never had the opportunity to visit this extraordinary place, will know more about this special part of our north, and why it's of interest to all of us to protect it.

This article is just the first step in introducing you, as a CPAWS supporter, to Thaidene Nene. We'll bring you news on the progress towards its protection in future issues.

Ellen Adelberg is CPAWS' Director of Communications and Marketing

LEARN MORE

Read about the proposed park and watch videos at:

landoftheancestors.ca



Clara Hughes (Right) and Lutsel K'e elder Madeleine Catholique. "Meeting Madeleine, I felt as though I was in the presence of a living legend."

An Olympian's love affair with Thaidene Nene

Clara Hughes is a Canadian heroine. She's one of the world's few Olympians to have won medals at both winter and summer games. Millions of us were enthralled by her exuberant smile as she proudly bore the flag for Canada at the 2010 Winter Olympics.

Clara is less well known for her amazing adventures to places few others have explored. She's pedaled the entire Dempster Highway and tough routes through places like Death Valley in the US Southwest. In the summer of 2010, Clara and her husband Peter kayaked over 200 kilometres from Yellowknife to the East Arm of Great Slave Lake. There, she fell in love with the landscape and the people.

"The people of Lutsel K'e showed us such warmth and generosity. We felt like we'd come home, even though we'd never been there before. We never felt like an outsider in the community. In this day and age, that's pretty special," said Clara in an interview with CPAWS last summer.

One of Clara's favourite memories of her stay in Lutsel K'e was befriending a little girl named Madison, who helped out in the community garden.

"What made this garden so special is that it was a true community garden. Not one of those gardens where people have their own plots. No, this garden was run by some key volunteers and for anyone in the community who wanted to pick some greens," wrote Clara on her blog after her visit last summer.

"[Thaidene Nene] is a place that deserves protection. Now that I've been there I want everyone to know about this amazing place within our country," adds Clara.

View a short video of Clara talking about her experience in Lutsel K'e at www.landoftheancestors.ca.

Canada's desert park closer to reality

BY CHLOE O'LOUGHLIN



Connecting with nature in the Okanagan Valley.
Photo: www.grahamosborne.com

YOU CAN HELP!

Never before have we needed your support so much. Learn more and get involved at:

www.cpawsbc.org

Like thousands of other Canadians, I vacationed in British Columbia's South Okanagan-Similkameen this summer.

Visitors flock to the Okanagan each year for the gorgeous golden colour of the grasslands, carpets of wild flowers, and birding opportunities. Canadians love this region, but with greater tourism comes pressure for development in the very areas whose wild beauty we've come to see.

Suburbs are growing by leaps and bounds as retirement communities expand. Vineyards are taking over previously undeveloped land.

The South Okanagan-Similkameen is a rare and endangered landscape—home to 57 endangered species. In fact one-third of all of B.C.'s endangered species and four of the province's five most endangered ecosystems exist within this small portion of the province, making it one of the most endangered ecosystems in Canada.

But now local communities are working together to ensure the Okanagan stays wild. A national park to protect the area is in the works. First Nations are developing reports for Parks Canada that will identify the economic opportunities a park could provide, and priority lands for protection. Ranchers are meeting with Parks Canada to discuss how they can work together to protect the lands that they have loved all of their lives.

However, the park proposal doesn't enjoy universal support. Hunters are concerned because they cannot hunt in a national park, and some ATV riders are upset because motorized transportation is not allowed in national parks. They say that the park will be a fire hazard, nature will become out of control, and things should stay the same as they are now. We are working hard to counter that misinformation and gain the support of the majority of local citizens. Currently, 63% of the local citizens would like to see a national park established.

A national park is Canada's highest form of protection and the best funded parks system in Canada. For every \$1 that BC Parks spends on provincial parks, Parks Canada spends \$23.

We're optimistic that the Okanagan can get the best protection available—national park status. The most important work of the campaign happens now.

Chloe O'Loughlin is CPAWS BC's Director of Terrestrial Conservation.

Sable Island's tireless champion

BY CHRIS MILLER

Sable Island is on track to become a new Canadian national park. But you can't really talk about Sable without mentioning Zoe Lucas and her work there.

She's lived on the remote sandy island, 160 kilometres off the coast of Nova Scotia, for the past 40 years, 30 of them year-round. In that time, she's become well known as a passionate defender of Sable Island and a strong advocate for its protection.

That's why CPAWS is pleased to have formed a coalition with Zoe and her organization, the Sable Island Green Horse Society, as well as the Halifax-based Ecology Action Centre. Together we're advocating for a national park management plan that truly puts ecological integrity first.

Nobody knows the island more intimately, or better understands its uniqueness, its vulnerability, its isolation, or its natural rhythms than Zoe. When the federal and Nova Scotia governments announced their intention to designate Sable Island as a national park last year, many in the province reserved judgment based on concerns that it might increase visitation. They wanted to hear from Zoe first about how she thought this would impact the island that Nova Scotians hold so dear. That trust has developed over many years.

Interested in the island from an early age, Zoe first arrived on Sable in 1971 as a student at Nova Scotia College of Art and Design for a few days to help out on a project with a journalist. Moving to the island wasn't part of the plan. It just

kind of happened after setting foot on the island. "Like a seed, I took root immediately", she says.

Living in a modest dwelling in one of the old research buildings on the island, with solar panels for satellite radio, her laptop, and a couple of lights, Zoe has been undertaking valuable scientific research for years. In addition to monitoring the wild horses, which usually number between 250 and 350, and keeping track of their ancestry going back generations, Zoe monitors the beaches, recording the litter that washes up on the island each year and detecting changes over time.

Plastic is becoming much more prevalent on the island. She gathers thousands of balloons washed ashore on Sable Island each year, tracking their origins from the advertising written on the balloons. Most come from the U.S. Eastern Seaboard and the mid-western States.

Zoe also collects oiled seabirds that wash up on the island, killed by the bilge oil pumped into the sea illegally from passing ships. Over the years her research has shown a dramatic decrease in the number of birds killed from bilge oil. This happy news may be a result of efforts to educate ship crews on the dangers of pumping bilge oil at sea, and increased enforcement and better technologies. This is just one of many examples of the benefits of Zoe's research in understanding changes in the environment not just



on Sable Island, but more broadly in the North Atlantic as well.

Several years ago, when the federal government decided to cut funding to the research station on Sable Island, Zoe sounded the alarm and ultimately saved the station. Now she's working to ensure that the national park designation for Sable Island will help protect the island's ecological integrity, and that the management plan developed by Parks Canada gets it right when managing the number of visitors allowed on the island each year.

FACING: Zoe Lucas has been a steward of this fragile island for over 40 years. Photo: Gerry Forbes

BELOW: Remote and windswept Sable Island will soon become a national park. Photo: Sable Island Green Horse Society



Zoe is also an advocate for “fair access” to the island, so that the island doesn’t become a place where only the wealthy can go, since it is so expensive to get there. She notes that visitation is increasing to the island, particularly for commercial interests, and managing this properly is vital.

Home to the largest dune systems in eastern North America, the largest breeding colony of grey seals in the world, and a number of species-at-risk including the Ipswich Savannah sparrow and roseate tern, Sable Island is truly an extraordinary wilderness gem that we will all benefit by protecting.

We congratulate Zoe on her tireless efforts to protect Sable Island.

Chris Miller is CPAWS’ National Conservation Biologist.

LEARN MORE

See what’s going on with the Sable Island campaign and find out how you can help at:

<http://cpawsns.org>



Bridging the New Brunswick-Nova Scotia wilderness gap

Many have sped along the Trans-Canada highway, crossing the Chignecto Isthmus to get to Nova Scotia from New Brunswick, but few are aware of its ecological significance! This narrow land bridge is also vital for wide-ranging wildlife such as moose, bear, and lynx that move between the two provinces. Leading ecologists and conservationists have identified the isthmus as one of five critical ecological linkages in the Northern Appalachians/Acadian region. In New Brunswick, most of the land on the Chignecto Isthmus is privately owned. In Nova Scotia, the provincial government is considering establishing a system of

protected areas right at the border, and is currently carrying out a public review. CPAWS NB is working with private forest owners to encourage them to conserve stepping stones of habitats, so wildlife can safely move between large protected areas in southern New Brunswick and western Nova Scotia. We'll be visiting Chignecto communities this fall and winter to engage landowners, and would welcome supporters to drop by for a chat. Contact CPAWS NB to learn more at cpawsnb.org.

-Roberta Clowater



CPAWS staff and supporters tour a private forest on the Chignecto Isthmus that's conserving habitat for wildlife. Photo: Steve Reid

Youth in British Columbia are learning to connect with nature through the Get Outside program. Photo: CPAWS BC



Combating Nature Deficit Disorder in BC

Reconnecting kids with nature is a high priority for CPAWS' British Columbia chapter. This summer, we partnered with BC Parks, Parks Canada, Mountain Equipment Co-op, and the Child and Nature Alliance to organize the inaugural Get Outside BC program for youth. Forty students from around B.C. attended a three-day outdoor conference in Squamish in July. These students then organized outdoor events in their home communities in August for International Youth Day. Re-grouping in their respective regions in October, participants will compare notes and cement strategies for future outdoor and environmental initiatives in their communities.

Based on the initiative's great success this year, we hope to expand the Get Outside program to more provinces. Our goal is to create lifelong nature champions throughout British Columbia, and eventually throughout Canada!

- Nicola Hill



Threats increase to Alberta's Castle wilderness

Two decades of hard work to achieve legislated protection for the Castle Special Place, in south western Alberta, is being put to the ultimate test, as logging is still a threat. CPAWS' Southern Alberta chapter and other local conservation groups are actively campaigning to protect the Castle wilderness area.

Reasons to protect the Castle are well-defended by scientific research. The Castle supplies one-third of the water for the Oldman Watershed, which feeds two million Canadians downstream. It is core habitat for the grizzly bear, a threatened species in Alberta.

Local ways of life and businesses are at risk, as they rely on the economic benefits of recreation and tourism. In a recent public opinion poll of local communities, 75 per cent of residents and area users supported legislation of the Castle as a wildland park.

Currently, logging has been delayed, but we need your help to permanently stop the logging and protect the Castle. Write to the Office of the Premier today or visit www.cpaws-southernalberta.org to learn more.

- Sarah Pasmko

CPAWS' Quebec chapter welcomes majestic Assinica National Park Reserve

CPAWS (SNAP) Quebec is pleased to report that the long-awaited Assinica National Park Reserve has now officially been announced by the Quebec government. Spanning nearly 3,200 km² of boreal forest—an area more than six times the size of the island of Montreal—the new park is home to 200-year-old jack pines, bald eagles, and is prime habitat for the threatened woodland caribou.

For centuries, Crees have occupied the area of Assinica—travelling across its many waterways and continuing to hunt, fish, and trap. It is only fitting that the management of the national park's operations, activities and services has been entrusted to the Crees of Oujé-Bougoumou. CPAWS Quebec congratulates the Crees for their continued commitment to conservation, and will continue to advocate for the protection of lands adjacent to the park, as requested by the Crees of Waswanipi and Nemaska.

- Patrick Nadeau

Two New Parks in Manitoba

After years of campaigning, the CPAWS Manitoba team celebrated the successful creation of two new provincial parks earlier this year: one in the Fisher Bay region and another protecting the incredible colour-changing Little Limestone Lake. By working with all involved, CPAWS and our partners Fisher River and Mosakahiken Cree Nations achieved core protection for these two spectacu-

lar areas. We're pleased the Manitoba government recognizes the importance of these wilderness treasures.

The final challenge is to add ecologically important areas that were left out of the parks. CPAWS and our First Nation partners have issued proposals for expanded park boundaries that are based on scientific studies and local knowl-

edge. We aim to finish the job of achieving the protection required to keep the Fisher Bay region and Little Limestone Lake healthy and well forever.

Learn more about these initiatives and watch a short video of Little Limestone Lake transforming its colour at www.cpawsmb.org.

-Ron Thiessen



Roger Turenne (past president of CPAWS Manitoba), Phillip Buck (Chief of Mosakahiken Cree Nation), and Ron Thiessen (executive director of CPAWS Manitoba) enjoying a laugh at the Little Limestone Lake park announcement.



Quebec is now determining the final level of protection for the wild Dumoine River watershed.
Photo: Harvey Locke

Expanding protection for Quebec's Dumoine River

In 2008, the Government of Quebec took a historic step toward protecting one of the province's last wild rivers — the Dumoine—by granting interim protection to some 1,400 km² of the river's watershed. CPAWS Ottawa Valley played a lead role in making that announcement happen.

Now, the final level of protection and the size and design of the protected area are being determined. CPAWS OV is putting forward a science-based argument for a major expansion of the protected area.

Thanks to funding from the Harold Crabtree Foundation, the Canadian Shield Foundation and the Power Corporation of Canada, we've been able to develop a series of high quality maps illustrating the rationale for expanding the protected area.

The current Quebec government proposal calls for a very long and narrow strip of protected land on either side of

the main branch of the Dumoine river, leaving the headwaters of the countless streams that flow into the river and significant stands of old-growth forest unprotected. In some locations, the government's protected area is less than a kilometre in width, which would not provide a viable connection for biodiversity between Algonquin Park and the boreal forests of Quebec. CPAWS is proposing a doubling of the Dumoine protected area to just over 3,000km².

By organizing meetings last summer with key stakeholders in the region, including elected officials, community groups, industry representatives and the Algonquin First Nation, we gained widespread support for an expanded protected area, largely due to the economic benefits the communities nearest the river could enjoy. Investment and jobs would help offset the effects of the

closure of several forest products mills over the last five years.

We're continuing to engage the community in this discussion. Our aim is to ensure strong support for an expanded Dumoine protected area when public hearings resume in 2012.

- John McDonnell

LEARN MORE

For more detail and updates on our campaign to protect the Dumoine:

cpaws-ov-vo.org

Cross Canada journeys with meaning!

In the summer of 2011, three groups of people undertook incredible journeys of a lifetime across Canada in support of wilderness conservation.



They also chose to raise funds for CPAWS as part of their adventures. At CPAWS, we're inspired and grateful that each dedicated their time and endurance not just to achieving personal bests, but also to sharing their love for our country's amazing natural places.

Adam Popper, Adrien Landa, Dana Fountain, Hugo Kitching, Katie Rosenberg, Pascal Landa and Peter Gorman of Mountains2Montreal accomplished their dream of paddling 4,500 kilometres from Alberta to Montreal. In Manitoba, they crossed paths with Alexandre Bevington, Dalal Hanna, Ellorie McKnight, Karine Houde, Katya Saulnier Jutras, Louis-Philippe Robillard, Nicolas Desrochers, Xavier Giroux Bougard and Yebo (their canine companion) of the TransCanEAUda team, who were paddling from Ottawa to Inuvik—a distance of 7,000 km! Both

groups were following historic trails of Canada's First Nations and early European voyageurs.

András Szeitz chose to complete a solo bike trip from British Columbia to Newfoundland. Equipped with nothing but determination, his bike and his gear, András completed his trip in mid August.

If you have an adventure in mind, big or small, alone or with others, that you'd like to dedicate to wilderness conservation in the future, we can help! For more information, please visit our website at www.cpaaws.org, or contact Vicki Dimillo at 1-800-333-WILD.

- Holly Postlethwaite


A TransCanEAUda team member gets a canoe ready for transport. Photo: TransCanEAUda

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www.wildlandsleague.org

CPAWS Yukon
867-393-8080
www.cpaawsyukon.org

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